#### INDIANA AND ILLINOIS NEWS

A Daviess County Farmer Murdered and a Visiting Friend Mortally Injured.

An Illinois Couple Married at Vincennes Under Novel Circumstances-Bishop Newman Dedicates a Church-Gleanings.

#### INDIANA.

Assassination in Daviess County-One Man Killed and Another Mortally Wounded.

pecial to the Indianapolis Journal VINCENNES, Sept. 2 .- One of the strangest nurders ever heard of occurred last night in Dariess county, adjoining this county on the east. John Brady, a man about fifty-five years of age, was a wealthy and respected farmer, living seven miles north of Montgomery, on the O. & M. railroad. He was a large wheat raiser, and also sealt extensively in stock. He was known at times to have large sums of money on his perion, and yesterday afternoon counted a large roll of bills while sitting on his front porch. Last evening he and a neighbor named Carpenter were playing a game of cards at the home of Brady. He was an upright man, and addicted to no bad habits. His family enjoyed all the pleasures of modern times, and lived in excellent style. He loved a game of social eards as amusement and pastime, and last evening seemed to be particularly absorbed in a game of euchre with Carpenter. The men sat alone in a room, the family being absent for the evening. It was about 9 o'clock, and Brady had just said, "That is my trick," when he extended his hand to take the cards, but the act was never finished. Almost simultaneously two shots were fired through the open window by some unknown persons. Brady threw up his bands, scattering the cards, and fell prostrate aron the floor, dying instantly. The ball of the assassin penetrated his brain. Carpenter was shot in the mouth, knocking out two front teeth, the ball coming out of the jaw, beneath the ear. He is thought to be in a dying condition. The seople in that locality, on hearing of the murder, were at first astonished then indiguant, and, at length, greatly excited; but the authors of the cowardly deed could not be found. It is sot known who they are, but it is supposed that some person saw Brady counting money in the afternoon, and did the shooting with intent to rob. The sudden realization of the crime is supposed to have frightened them so they did not execute the latter part of their scheme. Brady had only \$180 at his house, and this was found secreted behind a screen. The indignation is so great among his friends and neighbors that if say persons are discovered as likely to be the parties who did the murderous deed, they will, undoubtedly, be lynched.

#### Midnight Marriage at Vincennes. frecial to the Indiana. ous Journal.

VINCENNES, Sept. 2 .- A midnight marriage, ander novel circumstances, occurred here last pight. Two ladies and two gentlemen started for Vincennes from Sumper, Ill., in a road wagon. They arrived here toward I o'clock in the morning. On the way one of the couples determined to marry. Upon reaching Vincennes they hurried to the depty clerk's home, roused him up and told him what they wanted. The clerk asked the anxious pair to wait till morning, but they would not do it; so he had to go to the court-house and get out the papers, after which he conducted them to the Presbyterian parsonage, where Rev. Scott spliced them in short order. The contracting parties were Mr. R. D. Long and Miss Anna Bell. They had discussed their matrimonial matters, and decided to create a sensation by the novelty of a midnight ceremony. After the short service Rev. Scott bid the party good-night and re-tired. The young people started out, and got into their wagon and drove home, nearly twenty miles, and didn't seem to mind it a bit. It was the strangest affair that has ever occurred in

#### Charged with Horse-Stealing. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LEBANON, Sept. 1 .- Thomas Rivers was arrested at Frankfort Thursday and brought here to-day to answer to the charge of horse-stealing. This man is the last of the gang known as the Underwood Boys, two of whom, Henry Underwood and Walker Hammond, are serving twelveyear sentences in the northern prison. Rivers will be tried on the same charge the others were

# Killed by a Train.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CONNERSVILLE, Sept 2 -The mangled remains of Michael Ford, a single man, about thirty-five years of age, were found on the railroad track near the C., H. & L. depot in this city, this morning. He resided at Brownsville. and is supposed to have been killed while attempting to board a moving train.

# Minor Notes.

The Fourteenth, Fifty-ninth and Ninety-seventh regiments hold a reunion at Worthington on the 6th and 7th. Lagrange is now lighted by electricity. The

Western Electric-light Company, of Chicago,

put in the plant, and it gives entire satisfaction thus far. Danie! Martin, a young plumber, was drowned in the Wabash river at Wabash, Saturday night,

while fishing for turtles. The body was recovered in four feet of water. A very successful teachers' institute was held

at Lagrange. Professor Parr, of DePauw Univarsity, and Professor Sanderson, of the State Normal School, were the instructors. The Mitchell Horse-thief Detective Association was organized last week, with the following officers: President, Dr. Yost; vice-presi-

dent. Joe A. Burton; treasurer, Daniel Sherwood; secretary, Dr. A. J. McDonald. There is upon the court record of Montgomery sounty a statement that one of the prominent sitizens of Crawfordsvile was, in 1836, fined \$2 for making a bet of \$2.50 that Wm. H. Harrison

would cary the State of Indiana that year. Jesse B. McCallister, a prominent farmer of Franklin township, Montgomery county, died on Friday night after a long illness of typhoid fever. He was born in Butler county, Ohio, in 1808, and had lived in Montgomery county about

The forty-first appiversary of the Christian Church denomination was observed at Ladoga, vesterday, by the dedication of a new church building. The services were conducted by Elder Badger, of Greencastle, and Rev. J. P. Ewing,

William Berrigan, a bartender, of Greencastle, was found dead in his room, at Greencastle Junction, on Saturday. He was in his usual health when he retired the night before, and was seen alive about 11 in the morning. His death is attributed to heart disease.

On Thursday night an attempt was made to wreck the Chicago night express on the Monon route, between Linden and Corwin. As D. Ammerman, of Romney, was returning home, late at night, he came upon seven men piling ties upon the track. He stepped to one side and took a circuit around and signaled the train. Then he and the trainmen went ahead and re-

moved the obstruction. At the recent county teachers' institute, held at Crawfordsville, resolutions were adopted favoring the payment of a day's wages for conforming to the requirements of the institute, and denouncing the custom of requiring the teachers to do janitor work without pey therefor. Resolutions were also adopted denouncing the habit of teachers chewing gum and tobacco as not becoming to the profession, and that the use of liquors as a beverage disqualifies the

teacher for his position. The prospects for the Montgomery County Fair Association are now better than ever There are already many race borses in quarters at the grounds, at Crawfordsville, among them being the fine horses of Col. W. R. Woodard, of Chicago. Since last season new buildings have been erected, which will make more room for the display of goods, as last year the displays were very much crowded. An artificial lake has just been completed, and a bicycle racu-track has been built this summer. Bicycle racing will be a new feature, and will take place each during the fair. The Peru Band will fur bish music. The fair commences on Sept. 10.

# ILLINOIS.

Bishop Newman Dedicates a New Methodist Church at Danville.

Special to the Indiagapolts Journal. DANVILLE, Sept. 2.—The dedication of the First M. E. Church, of this city, occurred to | animals afterward.

day. Bishop Newman, of Washington city, preached the sermon. At least two thousand persons were in attendance. Among others were Revs. B. L. Ives, of Auburn, N. Y.; Everhart, of Quincy; Hawes, of Decatur; Wilkin, of Carliaville, and other prominent ministers from a distance. The singing was led by Mrs. Belle McLeod Smith, of Texas, and Professor Lutz, of Decatur. The building seats 1,500, and, complete, cost \$46,000. Ten thousand dollars was raised to-day, which clears the church of debt.

Race Quarrel at East Caroudelet. Sr. Louis, Sept. 2.-There is a bitter race war going on at East Carondelet, Ill., just opposite South St. Louis, which threatens to terminate seriously to-morrow, when an election for school directors will be held. The whites coutrol the schools, and have appointed James Stewart, a negro, to teach the school set apart for colored children. The negroes object to Stewart, and, if they fail to elect a majority of the board to-morrow, threaten to eject him from the school by force. There have been several encounters growing out of the trouble, and one negro was shot and seriously wounded. Last night an attempt was made by the negroes to assassinate Judge Sherman, who has ruled against them on several cases.

Brief Mention. The Wankegan Fair Association will hold a three days' trotting meeting on Sept. 11, 12, and 13. There will be two races each day, classes 3:00, 2:24, 2:35, 2:25, pacing 2:40, and free-for-all. The sum of \$1,525 is offered in purses. The entries close Sept. 4, with O. H. Heath, secretary,

A tramp attempted to assault a servant girl named Beesey at a farm-house near Morris. The girl obtained a revolver and shot the tramp in the arm. In revenge for this he set fire to a straw-stack in the barn-yard, the flames destroying considerable property. A posse are in pursuit of the man, and if caught he will probably be lynched.

# DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN,

Indications. WASHINGTON, Sept. 2. For Michigan, Wisconsin and Indiana-Fair; warmer; easterly, shifting to southerly winds. For Ohio-Fair; slightly warmer; easterly to southerly winds.

For Illinois-Fair; slightly warmer; variable winds, shifting to southerly. Local Weather Repor

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	R. H.	Wind.	Weather	Prec
7 A. M 2 P. M 7 P. M	30.16	75	24	North East. Neast	Clear. Clear. Clear.	

Mean....

General Observations. WASHINGTON, Sept. 2, 7 P. M. | Bar- | Thermometer. | Pre-

0.00

•	Station.	ter.			cana-	Weath r	
1	Denium.		Exp.	Max	Min.	tat'n	,, 60-16-7
1							
4	New York city	30.16	74	84			Clear.
ı	Buffalo, N. Y	30.20	66				Clear.
1	Oswego, N. Y	80.16	60				Clear.
1	Philadelphia, Pa.	30.18	72				Clear.
	Pittsburg, Pa	30 16	66				Fair.
1	Ill.	30.18	68	80	• • • • • •		Class
١	Washington, D.C.	20.18			*****		Clear.
8	Lynchburg, Va	30.18	70	80		**:::	Cloudy
1	Charlotte, N. C	30,12	72	84		.12	Cloudy
н	Charleston, S. C	30.08	80	84		.04	Fair. Cloudy
ı	Atlanta, Ga	30.06	70	72		2.04	Cloudy
ı	Jacksonville, Fla.	30.08	72	90		2.00	Rain.
1	Titusville, Fla	30,04	82	86		T	Fair. Cloudy Cloudy
1		29.94	78	80		28	Cloudy
	Montgomery, Ala	30.00	76	78	••••	1 66	Clouds
3	Vickshape Vice	29.98	72	76	•••••	1.00	Cloudy
1			80				Fair.
1	New Orleans, La.	20.00					
ı	Shreveport, La	30.02	74				Fair.
	Fort Smith, Ark.		72				Clear.
ı	Little Rock, Ark.	30.06	72				Clear.
1	Galveston, Tex	29,96					Cloudy
	Galveston, Tex Palestine, Tex	30,02	70	78			Clear.
	Abilene, Tex	30.02	78	82	60		Clear.
ı	Ft. Elliott, Tex	30.00	74	78	58	100000	Fair.
	San Antonia Tor	30.00	78	84	-		Cloudy
الر	San Antonio, Tex. Brownsville, Tex.	20 00			•••••	00	Rain
ı	FI D Tex.	20.88	80	00	00	.02	Rain.
1	El Paso, Tex		80	84	60		Clear.
	Ft. Davis, Tex	30,02	72	76			Fair.
	Chattan'oga, Tenn	30.04	72	76		.12	Cloudy
	Memphis, Tenn	30,04	70	80			Clear.
ı	Nashville, Tenn	30,06	68	7.4			Cioudy
3	Louisville, Ky	30.12	70	76			Clear.
9	Indianapolis, Ind			76	48		Clear.
в	Cincinnati, O	30 14		76			Fair.
3	Cleveland, O	30 18	66				Clear.
н	Toledo, O	20 16	68				
	Color Haria Mari	30.10	00				Clear.
١	Gr'nd Hav'n, Mich	30.16	58	66			Clear.
	Marquette. Mich.	30,18	52	52			Clear.
١	Manistee, Mich	29.50	50				Clear.
	S. Ste-Marie, Mich	30,20	50	56			Clear.
	Chicago, Ill	30 18	64	74	50		Clear.
	Cairo, Ill Springfield, Ill	30,10	68	74	58		Clear.
	Springfield, Ill	30.14	70	76	50		Clear.
	Milwaukee, Wis	30.16	60				Clear.
	La Crosse, Wis.	30.10	74				Clear.
ı	Deluth Mine	30.10	60				
	Duluth, Minn	30.10	66				Closr.
	St. Paul, Minn	30,00	76				Clear.
الا	Moorehead, Minn	29.86	80				Clear.
۱	St. Vincent, Minn	29.72	76				Fair.
н	Keokuk, Ia	30.14	70				Clear.
ال	Davenport, Ia	30.12	72	80			Clear.
ı	Dubuque, Is	30.14	72	82	50		Clear.
ı	Des Moines, Ia	30.12	72	80			Clear.
	St. Louis, Mo	30 14	72	76			Clear.
	Springfield, Mo			72			Clear.
	Kanasa City Mo					THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	Company of the control of the contro
B	Kansas City, Mo.	30.16			1 20 10		Clear.
	Ft. Sill, Ind. T Dodge City, Kan.	30.00	74				Clear.
الإ	Dodge City, Kan.	30.10	70				. Cloudy
۹	Witchita, Kan	30.06	70		58		Fair.
	Omaha, Neb	30.12	72		56		Clear.
	North Platte, Net	29,96	76				Clear.
	Valentine, Neb	29.94	78		50		Clear.
	Yankton, D. T	30.00	74				Clear.
	Ft. Sully, D. T	29 99	80				Clear.
	Huron, D. T	20.00	78				Clear.
	Biamarah D. M.	20.04	70				Clear.
۱	Bismarck, D. T.	00.02	76		****		Clear.
N	Rapid City, D. T. Ft. Buford, D. T.	29.82	78				Clear.
į	Ft. Buford, D. T.	29.84					. Cloudy
Į.	Calgary, N.W.T.	29.86	78	88			. Clear.
H	Min'edosa, N.W.T	29.72	58	82			. Ulear.
E.	P. Arthur's L'd's	30.08	4.8	58			. Clear.
	Qu'Apelle, N.W.T	29.80	72				. Fair.
	Ft. As nab ne, M. T	30.0	72				Fair.
1	Ft. Custer, M. T.	29.86	84				. Clear.
	Halana M T	20.00	82				
٤.	Helena, M. T Boise City, L. T	20 0	02				. Cloudy
	Character T.	20.04	90				. Smok
1	Cheyenne, Wy. T	00.09	70		100000		. Clear.
	Denver, Col Pueblo, Col	29.94	74		50		. Clear.
ş)	Pueblo, Col	29.98	72			2 7	Clear.
e l	Montrose, Col	. 29.78	78	82	55	2 .0	2 Fair.

Montrose Col.... 29.78 78 82 52 .02 Fair. Santa Fe, N. M. 29.98 66 72 48 .... Fair. Salt Lake City.... 29.86 84 88 ..... Clear. T--Trace of precipitation.

#### Meteorological Summary for August. INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 2.

Mean barometer, 30.041; highest, 30.32, on the 23d; lowest, 29.66, on the 21st. Mean temtemperature, 71.0; highest temperature, 98, on the 2d; lowest temperature, 49, on the 23d greatest daily range of temperature, 31.0, on the 25th; least daily range, 2.0, on the 20th; mean daily range, 20.2.

The mean temperature for this month in 1879 was 72.0 1880, 75.7; 1881, 80.0; 1882, 73.1; 1883, 70.4; 1884, 72.2; 1885, 70.0; 1886, 72.9; 1887, 73.3; 1888, 71.0. Total excess or deficiency in temperature dur-

ing the month, -89; total excess or deficiency in temperature since Jan. 1, -597. Mean daily dew-point, 60.5; mean daily relative humidity. 70.6 per cent. Prevailing direction of wind southwest; total movement, 2,307 miles. The total precipitation (in inches and hundredths) for this month in 1879 was 5.71; 1880,

2.67; 1881, 0.97; 1882, 4.51; 1883, 2.48; 1884, 0.46; 1885, 5.82; 1886, 6.70; 1887, 3.15; 1888, 5.84. Total excess or deficiency in precipitation during the month, -2.34; total excess or deficiency in precipitation since Jan. 1, -3.09. Number of clear days, 10; fair days, 13; cloudy H. R. PATRICK, Pr. Sig. Corps.

German Roman Catholics. CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 2.-A parade was given this afternoon by the uniformed societies in attendance on the thirty-third annual convention f the German Roman Catholic Central Verein. Visiting societies were present from Dayton, Columbus, Hamilton, Reading and other adjacent cities and towns. About 3,000 men were in line and the evolutions of some of the companies showed better proficiency in drill than is panally shown by similar organizations. The varied uniforms of the companies, together with their banners and bands of music, made a display

#### much admired by the crowds on the sidewalks. Murder at Middletown, Ohio.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 2.-The Commercial Gazette's Middletown, U., special says: "At 11 o'clock this forenoon, Charles Rise fired five pistol shots at Mrs. Elizabeth Funk, three of which bok effect, and one of them proved fatal. Both the murderer and his victim were low people. Rise came to Middletown last May, from Warsaw, N. Y., where, it is said, he lived under another name. He was arrested.

Steamship News. Boron, Sept. 2.—Arrived: Cephalonia, from

Liverpool. LONDON, Sept. 2.—The steamer City of Berlin, for Liverpool, passed Browhead to-day. The steamer Republic, from New York for Liverpool, passed Crookhaven to-day.

Eggs covered with meal or meal bran will keep fesh much longer. They should be kept in a gol place. The meal can be fed to some

#### GENERAL HOVEY.

Some of the Topics Discussed in His Mount Vernon Speech on Saturday.

Report in Evansville Journal. General Hovey was introduced by Mr. Jackson as "the next Governor of Indiana." The General said:

"Ladies and Gentlemen and Comrades-There are times when the heart is too full for one to speak, and I am now almost unable to address you on this occasion. As I gaze at the faces before me and see many who have known me from my boyhood, and see this grand demonstration in my honor, my heart fills to over-flowing and my mouth will hardly speak. Many of you bere have watched my progress from my younger days, won I toiled from morning till night and earne my bread by the sweat of my brow. You have watched me rise until I was placed in office, and for twenty-two years I served faithfully under commissions, and in all that time I defy any one to find a stain against my official character.

"I can say but little to you this afternoon. am almost worn out, having been making speeches all along the line, from Cincinnati home, but I hope to be able to address you at length on many important questions later on. However, I will touch briefly on a few questions. What we now demand, what this Nation is entitled to, is a full vote and a fair count. ['Yes, yes, that's so.' came from numerous voices. ] It is indispensable to the perpetuity of this country. Even here in our own State the voice of the majority is often destroyed. To illustrate the truth of my assertion in regard to the ballot, I have only to refer to the state of things in Mississippi. At the last election the First district of Indiana polled as many votes as the entire State of Mississippi, and the same may be said of Georgia, besides other Southern States. Why is this? Because the votes of the people were destroyed or were not counted. We must have a full and free vote, no matter what the

consequences may be. "In reference to capital and labor I wish to say that those who labor with their hands should be as dear to their country as they are to their own kindred. Trusts are ruining the country; they should be removed; their existence should be a crime and their projectors should be classed

as criminals. "A word to the soldiers. I have been asking the government to give them their rights; the privileges their fathers enjoyed. I want no more for them. I believe, as the immortal George Washington did, when he said 'Every soldier should receive a pension for life.' Col Matson, my opponent for gubernatorial honors, says a soldier should not have a pension until he is an object of charity, and then he should be given a little pittance that would hardly supdier to receive a pension must swear that he is a pauper in order to secure it. I want no man who fought with me to be placed in that position. They were soldiers, and are entitled to a parchment to hang on their walls to designate them as being on the roll of honor of their country. To give all a just pension would take little from the treasury of the government. This is the greatest country on earth; her treasury is full and the amount wouldn't be felt. It would only last for a short time—until all have passed away. Probably ten years at the furthest. Our population is inereasing probably one million per annum, and our wealth probably 10 per cent." The General then dwelt on the manner of se-

curing pensions; of the conditions exacted in showing honorable discharges and of the oath of witnesses as to the justice of the claims; "they pass both houses of Congress, and then ['Cleveland vetoes them,' came from a voice]—yes, he vetoes them; he almost accuses the applicants of swearing to a lie. These men broke down their constitutions to save this country, and for heir services Cleveland refuses them \$8 per month. The great Grover Cleveland puts himself up against the Congress of the United

States. It is tyrannical in him. The General then touched on the public lands of the government, saying that it was intended that each soldier should be entitled to a part of them, but this, to a great extent, has also been denied. "Only a few days ago," said the speaker, "a bill was introduced in Congress to give every honorably discharged soldier 160 acres of Oklahoma land. It was defeated. Every Republican member voted in favor of it and every

Democrat against it." He then touched upon the value of American money and the result following the war. "The bondholder," said be, "bought his government bonds at about 70 cents on the dellar, and since then they have been drawing interest, and now many of these bonds are worth as much as \$1.28. Yet the soldier who saved his country was paid hardly enough during his service to provide food and clothes for his family while he was away they broke in the doors, and, siezing the youngfrom home. He could not return during the war. If he deserted he would have paid for it with his life. Those greenbacks the soldier received for his services should be accounted for and paid in full. Every living Union soldier is entitled to at least \$8 per month."

# A Woman Discusses the Tariff.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal BEDFORD, Sept. 2.-A number of the ladies of Bedford met at the residence of H. H. Edwards, last Tuesday night, and proceeded to form a Woman's Republican club. On Saturday night it was announced that the club would meet at the court-house to perfect its organization and an address would be delivered by the temporary chairman, Mrs. H. H. Edwards. This meeting was one of the most remarkable in the history of Bedford, because of its size and character. The court-room and gallery were not only filled to their utmost capacity by ladies and gentlemen, but many who came to the meeting were unable to gain admittance. The following ladies were elected permanent officers of the club: Mrs. H. H. Edwards, pres-Mrs. Dr. H. C. Laforce, vice-president; Mrs. C. H. Lemon, secretary; Mrs. Dr. Joseph Gardner, treasurer. It was decided that the club should be known as the Mary Logan Republican Club. After the transaction of this business, Mrs. H. H. Edwards proceeded with her address, occupying something over an hour. discussing the political issues. She confined her remarks more especially to a consideration of the tariff question, and elicited rounds of applause by her forceful eloquence. It has seldom been the privilege of people in this city to hear a more complete and satisfactory presentation of Republican dostrine than was given by this talented lady. The Mary Logan Club already has a large membership, and will render effective aid to the Republicans of this county.

# Successful Meeting at Greencastle.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. GREENCASTLE, Sept. 1 .- To-day's outpouring has eclipsed all other political events of the season here. Republicans seem to be thoroughly aroused, and the enthusiasm manifested here today is an evidence of Republican strength this section. There were about 500 soldiers in line to escort the speakers to the stand, where they were ably addressed by Hon. H. C. Duncan. At night the same gentleman addressed the Lincoln League on the issues of the day. Both afternoon and evening addresses were highly interesting and entertaining. The streets are thronged, and in every respect the day has been all that could be desired.

# a Meetings in Wabash County.

WABASH, Sept 2 -- Last night a number of rousing Republican meetings were had in this county, and everywhere the enthusiasm manifested was intense. At McCowan's school-house, porth of town, Hon. C. E. Cowgill, Mayor Harry Pettit and Capt. G. W. Swadley addressed the Republican club. There was a great gathering of Republicans at Laketon. At Lincolnville Rev. L. L. Carpenter, the well-known divine of the Christian denomination, gave one of the best speeches of the campaign. Hon. Warren G. Sayre returned last evening from Grant county, and reported many accessions to the Republican ranks in that section.

Political Scraps. The Republicans of Bowling Green have organized a Harrison and Morton club, with 100 members. Capt. E. A. Thompson is president; James H. Dillon, vice-president; Enos Campbell, secretary; Stewart Drake, treasurer, and L. A. Harris, sergeant-at- arms.

The spirit which animates the Republicans of Lawrence county was indicated by a meeting which was beld at Bartlettsville Saturday. The crowd was the largest that has assembled in that section for years, and the enthusiasm was in proportion to the crowd. Speeches were made by Hon. John Riley and F. B. Hitchcock. of Bedford.

# Ohio Valley Centennial.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 2.—The Obio Centennial Exposition, in observance of the first settlement of the Northwest Territory, will open on Tuesday next. The advance of the prominent visitors from other States is already here, and d to arrive to morrow The indications are favorable for a large attendance of people from every quarter at the opening exercises, which will take place on the centennial grounds on the afternoon of Tuesday. Hon, D. W. Voorhees, of Indiana, will deliver the principal address, while speeches will be made by Governor Foraker and the Governors of other States in their official and representa-tive characters. Col. Coates Kinney, of Xenia, will read a poem, and the children's chorus of

1,500 voices will participate. The leading business blocks are already decorated gayly, and extensive preparations, both of a public and private nature, have been made to welcome centennial guests.

FERDINAND'S BANDITS.

Capture of Austrian, Italian and German Engineers by East Roumelian Brigands. New York Times's Vienna Letter.

The most intense indignation has been caused in every capital of Europe by the extraordinary behavior of the Bulgarian government in the case of the Austrian, the Italian and the Ger-man who were captured by brigands at Bellova, in Eastern Roumelia, some weeks ago. Not only did the authorities at Sofia display the most inconceivable apathy and indifference conduct was such as to give rise to the strongest suspicions that they were in league with the bandits, and that the crime of the latter, far from being a mere vulgar act of brigandage, was nothing more nor less than an almost incredible piece of political felony on the part of the government. Investigation having proved these conjectures to be well founded, the great powers determined to withdraw their diplomatic representatives from Prince Ferdinand's capital -the envoys of Great Britain, Austria and of Italy being the last to take their departure. The following brief account of the whole incident will be found to be both characteristic and instructive:

It will doubtless be remembered that the great trunk line of railway which now runs without a single break from Paris and Vienna to Constantinople, was built in various sections, of which the one traversing Servian territory was constructed by the government of King Milan, while that which passed over Bulgarian soil was completed by the Sofia authorities. Long before the illegal seizure of the Turkish province of Eastern Roumelia by Prince Alexander, in September, 1885, the Porte had intrusted both the construction and the working of the section of the trunk line there to a r'rench company. The latter, having raised the necessary capital at Paris and at Vienna, completed its portion of the read last autumn. It was only about two months ago that the remaining connections at the Turkish and of the line were made and the route was opened to through traffic from Vienna to Stamboul.

Ever since the completion of the Roumelian portion of the road, in autumn last, the Bulgarian government has been doing its utmost to obtain possession thereof, and to oust the French company from the privileges which it held under contract with the Sublime Porte. Repeated demands were made upon the latter by the Bulgarian Cabinet to annul the agreement. This, however, the Sultan would not hear of, as, even independently of other considerations, the sanction of the transfer of the Roumelian portion of the line from the French company to the Bulgarian government would have constituted an official recognition of Prince Ferdinand's possession of the province, which has always been disputed by the Porte, and which none of the signatories of the Berlin treaty can possibly sanction. The Sofis Cabinet, therefore, suspended the monthly payment of the Roumelian tribute to the Sultan, which until then had been regularly made, and began to look about for means to take foreible possession of the line. The latter, however, was in the charge of an Austrian engineer of great energy, courage and integrity named M. Laendler, who could be trusted to defend his employer's interests and to resist with the utmost vigor any attempts of aggression, and Prince Ferdinand's Ministers soon realized that he would proceed to almost any extremity, commencing with an appeal for diplematic intervention and ending, if necessary, by blowing up some of the railway bridges before he surrendered one stick of the

company's property.

M. Laendler, with his wife and children, resided in an exceedingly pretty villa at Bellova, one of the most beautiful and important spots along the whole of the Roumelian line. In Jannary last he became aware that the neighbor-hood had suddenly become infested with brigands, who, on frequent occasions, pursued him to the very entrance of the village. He made a point of warning the governor of the neighboring town of Bozardik of their presence, and troops were about to be dispatched to the spet, when orders arrived from Sofia prohibiting their departure, on the ground that it might damage the government party at the then imminent

At length, when the whole of the trunk line had been completed and through traffic between Vienna and Constantinople was about to be established, it was decided to strike the final coup. At 9 o'clock in the evening on the 9th of July last the house of M. Laendler was suddenly surrounded by a band of some sixty ferociouslooking brigands. Being refused admittance er child, threatened to dash its brains out against the wall unless Mme. Laendler would immediately tell them where her husband was to be found. One of the servants, terrified beyond all degree by the peril of the infant, informed the men that iM. Laendler had gone down to the inn of the neighboring village to meet a friend. The band immediately proceeded to the village, and, having posted guards at all possible avenues of escape, entered the inn with rifles leveled, and forced all present to kneel in a line against the wall, with their arms stretched up into the air. M. Laendler was at once recognized by the brigands, and was seized and securely tied with mopes. The same treatment was inflicted on his two chief assistants, the Italian engineer, Lucca, and the German, Binder. Thereupon, without paying any heed to the other persons present, although there were some quite wealthy landed proprietors and farmers in the hall at the time, they dragged their three prisoners forth and commenced their march up to the thickly-wooded mountains behind Bellova. It is worthy of note that four of the local gendarmerie were present in the inn at the time of the arrest, and that neither they nor any of the eight hundred inhabitants of the village made the slightest attempt to assist M. Laendler. As the little procession was passing in front of the latter's house, Mme. Laendler rushed forth.

threw herself on the ground, and begged for mercy for her husband, bes she was rudely pushed aside. Early on the following morning before daybreak a special train arrived from Philippopolis conveying three companies of infantry, and later in the day a whole regiment arrived from Sofia. As soon as they were on the spot a pro-clamation was issued by the principal officer in command to the effect that, with a view of preventing any further incidents calculated to endanger and impede traffic, the Bulgarian government had that day taken possession of the

line, the rolling stock, and the stations. Thus by one stroke of the pen, and under the pretense of acting in behalf of the security of international trade and traffic, the Bulgarian government obtained possession of a valuable piece of property in which several millions of foreign capital are invested, and for which they have not the slightest intention of paying. The French company, with commendable hu-

manity, turned their attention at once to the rescue of their employes, leaving the question as to the act of robbery perpetrated by the Bulgarian government for ulterior treatment and action. Having ascertained that the ransom demanded for the release of the prisoners amounted to \$15,000, they immediately addressed this to their agents at Philippopolis. On perceiving the readiness with which their demands were acceded to the brigands became more execting. They in sisted on a shipment of arms, provisions and clothes, which were immediately dispatched to the spot by the company's agent at Philippapolis. The Bulgarian authorities, however, would not permit the arms to be delivered, while the provisions and clothes were calmly appropriated by the colonel of the regiment occupying the line of railway for his men. Meanwhile weeks pass away, and practically nothing is done by the government to rescue the prisoners, who are still detained in the fastnesses of the mountains. The authorities declare that if they set the troops in pursuit the prisoners will assuredly

have their throats cut. Captain Cuggia, the military attache of the Italian legation at Sofia, having been dispatched to the spot for the purpose of urging the governor to increased activity in the matter. was greatly insulted by the latter; and even struck in the face. Of course, the Italian minister demanded the fullest satisfaction for the outrage, which, however, he has not received. Hence his departure from Sofia. Nor has the Bulgarian government paid any more heed to the protests of the French envoy, acting on behalf of the French company, or to the remonstrances of Austria or Turkey. In fact, Prince Ferdinand's Ministers appear to be taking advantage of the international jealousies with regard to their country, which constitute indeed, their sole safety from retribution and punishment.

# The Difference.

Boston Transcript. "I wonder why it is," said a man whose memory goes back to the time when the old Orleanist fashions of to-day were new, "I wonder why it is that the girls look so much better in some of these hideously inartistic styles than their grandmothers did. I'm bound to believe that my wife was prettier than my daughter-in-law's daughter, but I must own that she did not look so in a full skirt, fan waist and a flat collar." lady to whom he owed allegiance, "but triple mirrors were not, and even the hand-glass and its uses were not known to me, and in profile I dare say I was a fright. It's a matter of furni-ture, not faces, my dear." And he had to be content with the explanation.

Put up seed peas and beans in bottles, with several small pieces of gum-camphor, and bugs BASE-BALL

Scores of the Games Played Yesterday by Clubs of the American Association.

CLEVELAND, 11; LOUISVILLE, 4. CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 1.-To-day's game between Louisville and Cleveland was played at Beyerle's Park, just on the verge of the city limits. Three thousand people were present. The grounds are small and the two home runs were hits over the fence. The fielding of the Clevelands was brilliant, and Ramsey was batted almost at will in the fifth and seventh. Crowell, former pitcher of the Clevelands, umpired in Ferguson's absence. Score:

CLEVELAND. LOUISVILLE. Str'k'r, 2... 2 2 1 2 0 Mack, 2.. 1 1 3 2 McKean, s. 2 2 1 3 0 Collins, m 2 2 2 0 0 Vaughn, r. 0 0 0 1 Hecker, 1. 1 1 5 0 Kerins, c-s 0 1 11 2 H't'ling, m 1 1 3 0 Cook, s-c.. 0 Hogan r ... 0 0 1 Alberts, 3. 1 3 1 3 0 Cross, s... 0 1 Snyder, c.. 1 1 10 1 0 Stratton, l. 0 0 1 0 1 Bakely, p.. 1 1 1 9 0 Werrick, 3.0 1 2 1 1 ---- Ramsey, p. 0 0 0 9 0 Totals.. 11 17 27 19 1 Totals.. 4 7 27 15 6

Earned runs-Cleveland, 4; Louisville, 3. Two-base hits-Stricker, McKean (2), Gilks, Collins. Three-base hit—Albert. Home runs—Bakely, Collins. Stolen bases—Stricker (3), McKean (2), Gilks, McGuire (3), Hotaling. Double plays—Hotaling and Albert; Mack and Hecker. First base on balls— McKean, Albert, Bakely, Mack, Collins, Kerrins (2). First base on errors—Cleveland, 3: Louisville, 1. Struck out—By Bakely, 6; by Ramsey, 9.

BROOKLYN, 5; CINCINNATI, 4. NEW YORK, Sept. 2.-The Brooklyn team defeated the Cincinnatis at Ridgewood Park, Brooklyn, to-day, after one of the liveliest games of the year. The home club took the lead in the opening inning and held it to the ninth, when the visitors rallied at the bat and got in four runs on hits by Reilly, Corkhill and Carpenter, a three-bagger by McPhee, an error by Clarke and sacrifices by Fennelly and Tebeau. Brooklyn won the game in its half of the last inning on Bordock's home run, Pinckney's base on balls and steal to second, and Burns's two-bagger. Foutz pitched a great game. Attendance,

9,546. Score: CINCINNATI. BROOKLYN. Nicol, r... 0 0 1 0 0 Pinckn'y, 3 1 1 2 0 McPhee, 2. 1 3 3 2 0 Burns, 2... 1 2 2 2 0 O'Brien. 1. 0 0 Carp'ter, 31 1 1 Car'th'rs, r 0 0 Fennelly, s 0 0 4 1 Orr, 1 .... 0 1 0 0 Terry, m.. 0 0 3 Bligh, c.... 0 0 4 2 0 Burdock, r 2 1 1 3 Viau, p.... 0 0 0 4 0 Clarke, c... 1 1 4 0 Totals. 4 6 25 14 2 Totals. 5 7 27 11 4

One man out in last inning. Score by innings:

Cincinnati ...... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4-4 Brooklyn...... 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 2-5 Earned run-Cincinnati, 4: Brooklyn, 3. Two-base hit-Burns. Three-base hit-McPhee. Home run -Burdock. Stolen bases—McPhee, Reilly, Carpenter, Clarke. Double plays—Burns and Orr; Viau, Bligh and McPhee. First base on balls—Fennelly, Tebeau, Pinckney, Foutz, Caruthers and Clarke. First base on errors-Cincinnati, 1; Brooklyn, 1. Struck out-Carpenter, Tebeau, Bligh, Viau, O'Brien, Caruthers.

Game at Muncie.

Special to the Indianapolis Journas. MUNCIE, Sept. 2.—The Muncies played a fine game of ball here this afternoon, against the Winchesters. Since Winchester's victory over the Globes two weeks ago they have felt confident that with little effort they could win another. But the Globes have been materially strengthened until it is now one of the best local teams in the State. Score: Winchester...... 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0-1 Muncie...... 0 0 0 0 0 2 1 1 \*--4

Muncie battery, Rogers and Harper; Winchester battery, Edwards and Winemiller.

Two Games To-Day. The Indianapolis and Pittsburg clubs will play two championship games to-day. The morning game will begin at 10:30, and the afternoon game at 4 o'clock. Staley and Morris will probably be the two Pittsburg pitchers, and Boyle and Shreve the twirlers for the home team, but how they will be divided off has not yet been decided. The Pittsburgs are undoubtedly playing fine ball, as good probably as any club in the League, but it is sincerely to be hoped that they are not accompanied this trip by the train-load of luck which they had in their last three games in this

The Pittsburgs arrived last night, but neither Dunlap nor Carroll is with the team. The former has a sprained leg, and the latter is sick. The visitors expect to play eight games this week, which will beat the record. They play five in this city, the last one being on Thursday, and then return home, playing Philadelphia one game Friday and two on Saturday.

# Base-Ball Notes.

Sunday is receiving notices in other cities of late because of his fine outfailding. He and Seery are the best base runners in the League. Von der Ahe is getting ready for the world championship series, having bought Chamber-lain, the best pitcher of the Louisville club. He is said to have given \$4,000 for him, which is probably twice too high. The sale of this player indicates that Louisville is getting ready to quit. The Whens, who are proving to be one of the strongest amateur organizations in the city, defeated the Kellehers yesterday, 17 to 3. Hits,

Whens 17, Kellehers 6; errors, Whens 2, Kellehers 6; batteries, Derumes and Coleman, Moore and Doefer. Last Thursday the Whens went to Greencastle and defeated the local club, 5 to 4. A Pittsburg paper says: "Nearly every pitcher in the League is trying to find out Beckley's weak point, but in vaim. Jacob stands in the rear end of the box, and can reach from his position as far as big Sam Thompson. He has a

good batting eye and is hard to fool. Unlike most left-hand batsmen, the sharp inshoot and curve close to the handle don't bother him very much." Capt Ed. Hanlon says anent the light batting: "I would like to see a return to the high and low ball. Then the pitcher would have to deliver the ball where you wanted it, and you would have some idea where it was coming. The umpiring would not be any harder than it is now on the batsmen, when strikes are called

and that the people want." The Chicago papers declare that Galvin makes dozen balks in every game that he pitches, out that he is so tricky about it that he fools the umpire. Anson became very angry at Lynch recently, in Chicago, because he would not call balks on the veteran. The definition of a balk is "any motion made by the pitcher to deliver the ball without delivering it, including any and every accustomed motion with the hands, arms or feet, or position of the body assumed by the pitcher in his delivery of the ball, and any motion calculated to deceive a base-run ner." The latter clause makes the rule very restrictive.

on balls that pass at the level of your hair or

ankles. The batting would then be improved.

Pointing Out a Mugwump's Mistake. to the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal:

Mr.George William Curtis, in the current issue of Harper's Weekly, appears to be troubled in his mind by the fact that General Harrison has been subjected to the 'ordeal of handshaking," and is of the opinion that his speeches are "hazardous" performances. He is right. They are "hazardous" to Democrate, as November will prove. But Mr. Curtis goes out of his way to make a fling at General Harrison's friends in characterizing them as "idle, curious strangers." That is where Mr. Curtis makes a mistake. The Republicans of Indiana are not "idle," neither are they strangers to General Harrison. They all know him well. Thousands of them were his comrades, when the test of comradeship was a high one, and there is nothing "curious" about their desire to again take him by the hand and listen to the crisp, keen sentences of sound Republican gospel from his lips. Further, the Grand High Priest, from his throne aloft on the pointed pinnacle of perfect propriety, benignly informs us that General Harrison's opponent "is not subjected to this senseless annovance." That's not at all "curious." The less he is seen and heard the better. The people of Indiana did not enthuse over him very greatly when he visited them, and it is not a matter of wonder that no one cares enough for him to hunt him up and shake hands with him. We have, for some time past, been of the opinion that the Democracy were, to put it mildly, rather lukewarm as to their candidate, and now this frank confession of the fact, coming from so high and relia-"I looked just as well in full face." said the | ble source, is very comforting and refreshing. Thanks, Mr. Curtis. "Come again. RICHMOND, Ind., Sept. 1.

> Another article to be added to the guest chamber is a can for hot water. These cans come in very pretty shapes and are inexpensive. Have your servant or one of the children take the apple tree, the box, the ash, the buckthorn, this can of hot water to the chamber in the poplar, elm, etc., when boiled in water and morning, and it will cause the guest to have treated with alum. A lively green is furnished. pleasant memories of your thoughtfulness.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than theordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short-weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N.Y.

#### TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

General Banks has consented to the use of his name as a candidate for the nomination from the Fifth Massachusetta congressional district. T. C. Yates, a noted desperado, was shot and killed in the Chickasaw nation Saturday. He wantonly fired into a crowd, the fire was re-

turned, and Yates dropped from his horse dead. Word comes from Sherbourne, Canada, that defaulting Assistant Cashier De Baum, of the Park National Bank, of New York, has engaged counsel, and will fight the extradition process in

George M. Johnson, a member of the Nonpariel Rowing Club, left the club-house, at New York, at 1:45 P. M. yesterday in a shell, in which he will row to Boston. He expects to reach Boston in ten or twelve days. Wm. Schrader, of New York, a German,

fifty-eight years old, a piano-maker, attempted suicide by taking carbolic acid and cutting the arteries in the left wrist with a razor. He will die. Sickness and dispondency were the causes Among the detained emigrants at Castle

Garden yesterday were Ernest Wilhelm Has-well, his wife and four daughters, all of whom came over under contract to work at Schmitt's sail-cloth factory, at Hartford, Conn. Schmitt paid their passage from Europe. While the tugs Forest' City and John Gregory, of Cleveland, were competing for a tow,

yesterday, the Gregory ran into and sunk the Forest City which lies in nine fathoms of water. The crew of the Forest City were saved. The tug belonged to Captain Bradley, of Cleveland, and the loss is \$10,000. No insurance.

Michael Matthews, of New York, a laborer, took an overdose of chloride of potash to relieve rheumatic pains, Friday night, and died on Saturday. Matthews sent his daughter to a drug store for iodide of potash, but the clerk, Leopold Polsin, gave the child chloride of pot-ash. Polsin has been arrested, pending an investigation by the coroner.

#### Home-Made Candy.

Detroit Tribune. Five pounds of sugar will make enough for a small evening company. Buy XXX confectioner's sugar at a wholesale grocer's, and do not be deluded into taking powdered sugar, as it is useless. One can make as many varieties as she chooses, and a good way is to make a "one egg quantity" of each kind as follows: Take the white from an egg and measure it. Put with it an equal number of spoonfuls of water. Stir in sugar until it can be mixed with the hand. Do not get it too stiff. Experience is the best teacher here, but when one can flatten it onto the molding board without its sticking is a good test. Vanilla is the best flavor for all but lemon and almond candies, and possibly a few others. For chocolate drops, roll the cream into balls with the fingers. Drop into melted chocolate and roll around with a fork till the balls are thickly coated. Take out with a forkbetter still, a long pin-and place them on slightly buttered light brown paper, not near enough to touch each other. Orange and lemon candy: Grate the rind of one orange or one lemon for the quantity above mentioned. Mix this thoroughly into the cream. Flavor with lemon or orange juice. The best way to find out when the mass is sufficiently flavored is to taste it. Form these candies into long strips and cut in squares. A pretty combination is a layer of lemon, then one of chocolate, then one of crange. The chocolate is made by mixing grated chocolate with the cream and flavoring it with vanilla. For almond oblongs cover almonds with the cream. For almond squares chop some almonds very fine and mix with the cream; then roll into strips and cut in squares. Flavor these with either almond or vanilla, or a mixture of both. For nut squares make the cream into larger, flatter squares and place the half of an English walnut on one or each side. For about two-thirds of its oblong circumference. Remove the stone of the date and fill with cream. Roll in granulated sugar to give them the usual crystallized appearance. For the popular rose tint, which makes a pretty combination with layers of white, lemon, orange and chocolate, flavor with raspberry or strawberry inice, taking care to strain out all seeds. Pine apple juice makes a delicious flavor and gives a wary delicate tint. For the pistache shade, bruise lettuce, pour hot water on it, strain carefully and let it stand. One's ingenuity will suggest other varieties. Extract of vanilla is so variable as to degrees of strength that no definite quantity can be given. Get a good article and a taste of the flavored cream will soon determine how much. If you get your cream paste too stiff, thin it by adding white of egg mixed with an equal quantity of water.

# Some West India Women.

Lafcadio Hearn, in September Harper, Very comely some of the women are in their close-clinging soft brief robes and tantalizing veils-a costume leaving shoulders, arms and ankles bare. The dark arm is always tapered and rounded; the silver-circled ankle always elegantly knit to the light, straight foot. Many of these slim girls, whether standing, or walking. or in repose, present prepetually studies of grace; their attitude when erect always suggests lightness and suppleness, like the poise of a perfect dancer.

A coolie mother passes, carrying at her hip a very pretty naked baby. It has exquisite delicacy of limb; its tiny ankles are circled by thin. bright silver rings; it looks like a little bronze statuette, a statuette of Kama, the Indian Eros. The mother's arms are covered from elbow to wrist with silver bracelets, some flat and decorated, others coarse, round, smooth, with ends hammered into the form of viper heads. She has large flowers of gold in her ears, a small gold flower in her very delicate little noso. This nose ornament does not seem absurd; on these dark skins the effect is, on the contrary, pleasing, although bizarre. All this jewelry is pure metal; it is thus the coolies carry their savings; they do not learn to trust the banks until they

There is a woman going to market, a very odd little woman; is she a Chino-blanco-a coolie or a Malay half-breed! I do not know. She represents a type I have never seen before. She wears one loose soft white garment, leaving arms, ankles, and part of back and bosom exposed, like a low-cut, sleeveless chemise, but less long. Her whole figure is a rounded, compact, admirably knit, and her walk is indescribably light, supple, graceful. But her face is queer; it is an oriental grotesque, a Chinese dream, oblique eyes and blue-black brows and bair, very high and broad cheek-bones. Singular as it is, this face has the veritable beaute du diable; it is a very young and very fresh face, and the uncommonly long, black silky lashes give her gaze a very pleasing, velvety expressien. Still, the most remarkable peculiarity she bas is her color, clear and strange, almost exactly the color of a fine, ripe lemon.

#### Useful Colors. Oil Trade Reporter.

A variety of useful colors and dyes may be obtained from common plants growing in abundance everywhere. The huckleberry or blueberry, boiled with a little alum and a solution of copperas, will develop an excellent blue colors treated in the same manner with solution of nutgalls, they produce a clear dark brown tint, while with alum, verdigris and sal ammonise various shades of purple and red can be obtained The fruit of the elder will also produce a blue color when treated with alum. The privet, boiled in a solution of salt, furnishes a service able color, and the over-ripe berries yield a red. The seeds of the common burning bush, when treated with sal ammoniac, produce a beautiful purple red. The bark of the current bush treated with a solution of alum produces a brown. Yellow is obtained from the bark of by the broom-corn.